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PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

RE.CNT 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 4 CA COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L4DUPLICATE 1 AB A GC/NPD method and a rapid-screening TLC method were developed for the simultaneous detn. of uracil herbicide residues (bromacil, lenacil, terbacil) in the roots of E. angustifolia. The uracil herbicide residues were extd. with acetone. After evapn. of acetone from the ext., the residue was dissolved in water-methanol (5:1 vol./vol.). Cyclohexane was used for removal of the non-polar co-extractives in the sample matrix. After sepn. of the cyclohexane phase, the uracil herbicide residues were extd. into chloroform. This ext. was purified on a Florisil column, and residues were eluted with dichloromethane-acetone (9:1, vol./vol.). The cleaned up ext. was analyzed by GC/NPD on a capillary column DB-1, using atrazine as internal std. A min. recovery of 70% was attained for contamination levels of 0.02-0.40 mg kg-1.

AN 128:227272 CA

TI Gas chromatographic method for determination of uracil herbicides in roots

of **Echinacea** angustifolia

- AU Tekel, Jozef; Tahotna, Sona; Vaverkova, Stefania
- CS Faculty of Pharmacy, Comenius University, Bratislava, SK 832 32, Slovakia SO J. Pharm. Biomed. Anal. (1998), 16(5), 753-758
- CODEN: JPBADA; ISSN: 0731-7085
- PB Elsevier Science B.V.
- DT Journal
- LA English

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CA COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AB Lipophilic impurities or residues such as pesticides, org. solvents, arom.

org. compds., etc. are removed from beverages and juices or plant exts.and prepns. by mixing with a lipophilic phase to carry the lipophilic impurities and later sepn. of this phase from the desired product.
AN 125:246102 CA

- 125:240102 CA
- TI Process for removing unwanted lipophilic impurity or residue from drinks or vegetable preparations
- IN Kreuter, Matthias-Heinrich; Steiner, Rudolf
- PA Emil Flachsmann Ag, Switz.
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp.
- CODEN: EPXXDW
- DT Patent

LA German FAN.CNT 1

Date	Greak.	ı
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	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
C PI	(EP 730830)	 A1	(19960911)	EP 1996-103445	19960306
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YA Y	CH 688604	A	19971215	CH 1995-629	19950306
AND	CH 689818	А	19991215	CH 1995-1621	19950602
(-	AU 9647909	A1	19960919	AU 1996-47909	19960306
	AU 678929	B2	19970612		
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1421	US 5906848	/ A	19990525	US 1996-611687	19960306
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PRAI	CH	1995-629	19950306
	CH	1995-1621	19950602
	US	1996-611687	19960306

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CA COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 2 AB Fast atom bombardment (FAB-MS) and fast atom bombardment tandem mass spectrometry (FAB-MS/MS) techniques (neg. ions) have been successfully applied for identification of the constituents responsible for the antihyaluronidase activity of **Echinacea** angustifolia roots, whose exts. are widely employed for the adjuvant therapy of chronic inflammatory diseases. Crude exts. from different solvents were tested for antihyaluronidase activity, and those with the greatest inhibitory action (the ethylacetate, butylacetate and **chloroform** fractions, IC50 0.44, 0.50 e 0.62 mg/mL) were directly analyzed by MS. Full scan mass spectra produced intense mol. anions: collisional activation of

these

resulted in tandem mass spectra rich in significant product ions. Four main caffeoyl conjugates were detected and identified by tandem mass spectrometry (daughter and parent ion mode): 2,3-0-dicaffeoyltartaric

acid

AN

(chicoric acid) and 5-O-dicaffeoylquinic acid (cynarine) and 2-O-caffeoyltartaric acid (caftaric acid) in the ethylacetate fraction. Among these caffeoyl conjugates, chicoric and caftaric acids had the greatest antihyaluronidase activity: IC50 = 0.42 and 0.61 mM, while the IC50 of cynarine and chlorogenic acid were 1.85 and 2.25 mM. 120:294112 CA

TI Direct characterization of caffeoyl esters with antihyaluronidase activity

in crude extracts from **Echinacea** angustifolia roots by fast atom bombardment tandem mass spectrometry

AU Facino, Roberto Maffei; Carini, Marina; Aldini, Giancarlo; Marinello, Cristina; Arlandini, Emanuele; Franzoi, Luigi; Colombo, Maristella; Pietta, Piergiorgio; Mauri, Pierluigi

CS Ist. Chim. Farm. Tossicol., Milan, 20131, Italy

SO- - Farmaco -(1993), - 48(10)-, - 1447-61- - - -

- CODEN: FRMCE8
- DT Journal
- LA English